

MRSA Research Studies, Research-Based Reports, and Media Articles

NOTE: After each study, the country in which the research examined the occurrence of MRSA is identified in **boldface**. The affiliation of the lead researcher (collaborative work may involve professors from other universities as well as well as researchers from government agencies or institutes) is identified as well. All studies were published in peer-reviewed scholarly journals, thus meeting the highest possible research standards.

The **268 research studies**, **34 research-based reports** by government agencies, by independent, non-industrial organizations, or by university researchers, and the **30 media articles** contained within this bibliography focus on seven lines of inquiry:

Research Reports		p. 1
• Detection of MRSA in livestock, particularly swine;	35	p. 1
• Links between human exposure to pigs and human MRSA colonization/infection;	92	p. 6
• MRSA in meat products;	12	p. 17
• Impact of pig manure slurry applications to agricultural fields on microbial soil organisms, on soil, and on groundwater;	53	p. 18
• Spread of swine MRSA		
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• Risks posed by MRSA colonization.	25	p. 30
Research-based Reports		p. 33
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MRSA Research

Detection of MRSA in livestock, particularly swine

Agersø Y, Hasman H, Cavaco LM, Pedersen K, & Aarestrup FM (2012, May 25). Study of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) in Danish pigs at slaughter and in imported retail meat reveals a novel MRSA type in slaughter pigs. *Veterinary Microbiology*, 157 (1-2): 246-250. Abstract retrieved February 16, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22245403>. **Denmark – Technical University of Denmark**

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- Battisti A, Franco A, Merialdi G, Hasman H, Iurescia M, Lorenzetti R, Feltrin F, Zini M, & Aarestrup FM (2010, May 19). Heterogeneity among methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* from Italian finished pig holdings. *Veterinary Microbiology*, 142 (3-4): 361-366. Abstract retrieved February 16, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19914010>. **Italy – Istituto Zooprofilattico Sperimentale delle Regioni Lazio e Toscana**
- Broens EM, Espinosa-Gongora C, Graat EA, Vendrig N, Van Der Wolf PJ, Guardabassi L, Butaye P, Nielsen JP, De Jong MC, & Van De Giessen AW (2012, May 18). Longitudinal study on transmission of MRSA CC398 within pig herds. *BMC Veterinary Research*, 8: 58. **The Netherlands – Quantitative Veterinary Epidemiology Group, Wageningen Institute of Animal Sciences, Wageningen University**
- Broens EM, Graat EA, Van der Wolf PJ, Van de Giessen AW, & De Jong MC (2011, October 1). Prevalence and risk-factor analysis of livestock associated MRSA-positive pig herds in The Netherlands. *Preventive Veterinary Medicine*, 102 (1): 41-49. Abstract retrieved March 2, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/21733585>. **The Netherlands – Quantitative Veterinary Epidemiology Group, Wageningen Institute of Animal Sciences, Wageningen University**
- Broens EM, Graat EA, Van der Wolf PJ, Van de Giessen AW, van Duijkeren E, & Wagenaar JA (2011, February 1). MRSA CC398 in the pig production chain. *Preventive Veterinary Medicine*, 98 (2-3): 182-189. Abstract retrieved October 29, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/21075466>. **The Netherlands – Quantitative Veterinary Epidemiology Group, Wageningen Institute of Animal Sciences, Wageningen University**
- Crombé F, Willems G, Dispas M, Hallin M, Denis O, Suetens C, Gordts B, Struelens M, & Butaye P (2012, April). Prevalence and antimicrobial susceptibility of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* among pigs in Belgium. *Microbial Drug Resistance*, 18 (2): 125-131. Abstract retrieved March 2, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22088147>. **Belgium – CODA-SERVA-VAR**
- Crombé F, Argudín MA, Vanderhaeghen W, Hermans K, Haesebrouck F, & Butaye P (2013, March 20). Transmission dynamics of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* in pigs. *Frontiers in Microbiology*, 4: 57. **Belgium – Ghent University**

- de Neeling AJ, van den Broek MJ, Spalburg EC, van Santen-Verheувel MG, Dam-Deisz WD, Boshuizen HC, van de Giessen AW, van Duijkeren E, & Huijsdens XW (2007, June 21). High prevalence of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* in pigs. *Veterinary Microbiology*, 122 (3-4): 366-372. Abstract retrieved March 2, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/17367960>. **The Netherlands – National Institute for Public Health and the Environment**
- Deurenberg RH, Vink C, Kalenic S, Friedrich AW, Bruggeman CA, & Stobberingh EE (2007, March). The molecular evolution of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus*. *Clinical Microbiology and Infection*, 13 (3): 322-335. **The Netherlands – University Hospital Maastricht**
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- Enright MC, Robinson DA, Randle G, Feil EJ, Grundmann H, & Spratt BG (2002, May 28). The evolutionary history of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA). *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, 99 (11): 7687-7692. **United Kingdom – University of Bath**
- Espinosa-Gongora C, Broens EM, Moodley A, Nielsen JP, & Guardabassi L (2012, June 2). Transmission of MRSA CC398 strains between pig farms related by trade of animals. *The Veterinary Record*, 170 (22): 564. Abstract retrieved March 2, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22562100>. **Denmark–University of Copenhagen**
- Gómez-Sanz E, Torres C, Lozano C, Fernández-Pérez R, Aspiroz C, Ruiz-Larrea F, & Zarazaga M (2010, October). Detection, molecular characterization, and clonal diversity of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* CC398 and CC97 in Spanish slaughter pigs of different age groups. *Foodborne Pathogens and Disease*, 7 (10): 1269-1277. Abstract retrieved February 16, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/20677918>. **Spain – Universidad de La Rioja**
- Harper AL, Ferguson DD, Leedom Larson KR, Hanson BM, Male MJ, Donham KJ, & Smith TC (2010). An overview of livestock-associated MRSA in agriculture. *Journal of Agromedicine*, 15: 101-104. **USA – University of Iowa**
- Kadlec K, Ehricht R, Monecke S, Steinacker U, Kaspar H, Mankertz J, & Schwarz S (2009, December). Diversity of antimicrobial resistance pheno- and genotypes of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* ST398 from diseased swine. *The Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy*, 64 (6): 1156-1164. **Germany – Institute of Farm Animal Genetics**
- Kehrenberg C, Cuny C, Strommenger B, Schwarz S, & Witte W (2009, February). Methicillin-resistant and –susceptible *Staphylococcus aureus* strains of clonal lineages ST398 and ST9 from swine carry the multidrug resistance gene *cfr*. *Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy*, 53 (2): 779-781. **Germany – Institute of Farm Animal Genetics**

- Molla B, Byrne M, Abley M, Mathews J, Jackson CR, Fedorka-Cray P, Sreevatsan S, Wang P, & Gebreyes WA (2012, November). Epidemiology and genotypic characteristics of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* strains of porcine origin. *Journal of Clinical Microbiology*, 50 (11): 3687-3693. Abstract retrieved February 16, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/22972820>. **USA – Ohio State University**
- Nicholson TL, Shore SM, Smith TC, & Frana TS (2013, August 9). Livestock-associated methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (LA-MRSA) isolates of swine origin form robust biofilms. *PLoS One*, 8 (8): e73376. **USA – National Animal Disease Center (Ames), Iowa State University, & University of Iowa**
- Overesch G, Büttner S, Rossano A, & Perreten V (2011, June 24). The increase of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) and the presence of an unusual sequence type ST49 in slaughter pigs in Switzerland. *BMC Veterinary Research*, 7: 30. **Switzerland – University of Bern**
- Price LB, Stegger M, Hasman H, Aziz M, Larsen J, Andersen PS, Pearson T, Waters AE, Foster JT, Schupp J, Gillece J, Driebe E, Liu CM, Springer B, Zdovc I, Battisti A, Franco A, Zmudzki J, Schwarz S, Butaye P, Jouy E, Pomba C, Porrero MC, Ruimy R, Smith TC, Robinson DA, Weese JS, Arriola CS, Yu F, Laurent F, Keim P, Skov R, & Aarestrup FM (2012, February 21). *Staphylococcus aureus* CC398: Host adaptation and emergence of methicillin resistance in livestock. *mBio*, 3 (1): e00305-e00311. **USA – Translational Genomics Research Institute**
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- Vanderhaeghen W, Hermans K, Haesebrouck F, & Butaye P (2010, May). Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA) in food production animals. *Epidemiology and Infection*, 138 (5): 606-625. Abstract retrieved February 16, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19608357>. **Belgium – Operational Directorate of Bacterial Diseases, Veterinary and Agrochemical Research Centre**
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- Weese JS (2010). Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* in animals. *ILAR Journal [National Research Council, Institute of Laboratory Animal Resources]*, 51 (3): 233-244. **Canada – University of Guelph**
- Zhu Y-G, Johnson TA, Su J-Q, Qiao M, Guo G-X, Stedtfeld RD, Hashsham SA, & Tiedje JM (2013, February 26). Diverse and abundant antibiotic resistance genes in Chinese swine

farms. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, 110 (9): 3435-3440. **China – Chinese Academy of Sciences; USA – Center for Microbial Ecology, Michigan State University**

Links Between Human Exposure to Pigs and Human MRSA Colonization / Infection

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- Alvarado CS, Gibbs SG, Gandara A, Flores C, Hurd WW, & Green CF (2012, March). The potential for community exposures to pathogens from an urban dairy. *Journal of Environmental Health*, 74 (7): 22-28. Abstract retrieved October 24, 2012, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=MRSA+and+CAFO>. **USA – University of Texas**
- Armand-Lefevre L, Ruimy R, & Andremont A (2005, May). Clonal comparison of *Staphylococcus aureus* isolates from healthy pig farmers, human controls and pigs. *Emerging Infectious Diseases*, 11 (5): 711-714. **France – Groupe Hospitalier Bichat-Claude Bernard**
- Ballhausen B, Jung P, Kriegeskorte A, Makgotlho PE, Ruffing U, von Müller L, Köck R, Peters G, Herrmann M, Ziebuhr W, Becker K, & Bischoff M (2014, October). LA-MRSA, CC398 differ from classical community acquired-MRSA and hospital acquired-MRSA lineages: Functional analysis of infection and colonization processes. *International Journal of Medical Microbiology*, 304 (7): 777-786. Abstract retrieved November 15, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/25034858>. **Germany – Institute of Medical Microbiology, University Hospital of Münster**
- Bisdorff B, Scholhölter JL, Claußen K, Pulz M, Nowak D, & Radon K (2012 October). MRSA-ST398 in livestock farmers and neighbouring residents in a rural area in Germany. *Epidemiology and Infection*, 140 (10): 1800-1808. Abstract retrieved September 25, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=MRSA-ST398+in+livestock+farmers+and+neighbouring+residents+in+a+rural+area+in+Germany>. **Germany – University Hospital of Munich**
- Bootsma MC, Wassenberg MW, Trapman P, & Bonten MJ (2011, April 6). The nosocomial transmission rate of animal-associated ST398 methicillin-resistant [sic] *Staphylococcus aureus*. *The Journal of the Royal Society, Interface*, 8 (57): 578-584. **The Netherlands – Utrecht University**
- Carrel M, Schweizer ML, Sarrazin MV, Smith TC, & Perencevich EN (2014, February). Residential proximity to large numbers of swine in feeding operations is associated with increased risk of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* colonization at time of hospital admission in rural Iowa veterans. *Infection Control and Hospital Epidemiology*, 35 (2): 190-193. **USA – University of Iowa**

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- Cuny C, Köck R, & Witte W (2013, August). Livestock-associated MRSA (LA-MRSA) and its relevance for humans in Germany. *International Journal of Medical Microbiology*, 303 (6-7): 331-337. Abstract retrieved October 29, 2014, from <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/23607972>. **Germany – Robert Koch Institute**
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- Dahms C, Hübner NO, Wilke F, & Kramer A (2014, September 30). Mini-review: Epidemiology and zoonotic potential of multiresistant bacteria and *Clostridium difficile* in livestock and food. *GMS Hygiene and Infection Control*, 9 (3): Doc21. **Germany – University Medicine Greifswald, Institute of Hygiene and Environmental Medicine**
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- Dukic VM, Lauderdale DS, Wilder J, Daum RS, & David MZ (2013, January). Epidemics of community-associated methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* in the United States: A meta-analysis. *PLoS One*, 8 (1): e52722 **USA – University of Colorado**
- Espinosa-Gongora C, Moodley A, Lipinska U, Broens EM, Hermans K, Butaye P, Devriese LA, Haesebrouck F, & Guardabassi L (2014, July 7). Phenotypes and genotypes of old and contemporary porcine strains indicate a temporal change in the *S. aureus* population structure in pigs. *PLoS One*, 9 (7): e101988. **Denmark–Department of Veterinary Disease Biology, Faculty of Health and Medical Sciences, University of Copenhagen**
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- Jamrozny DM, Fielder MD, Butaye P, & Coldham G (2012). Comparative genotypic and phenotypic characterisation of methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* ST398 isolated from animals and humans. *PLoS One*, 7 (7): e40458. **United Kingdom – Animal Health and Veterinary Laboratories Agency**
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Risks Posed by MRSA Colonization

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